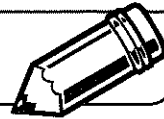
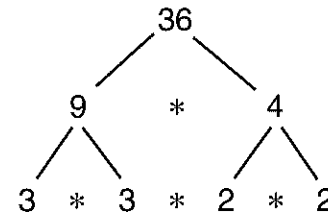
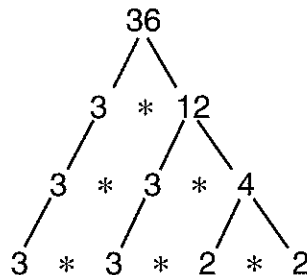
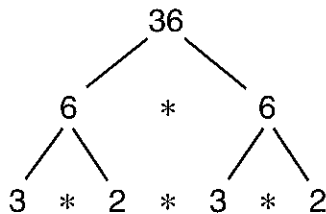


**LESSON**  
**1•9**
**Using Factor Trees**

**Factor Trees**

One way to find all the prime factors of a number is to make a **factor tree**. First write the number. Then, underneath, write any two factors whose product is that number. Then write factors of each of these factors. Continue until all the factors are prime numbers.

Below are three factor trees for 36.



It does not matter which two factors you begin with. You always end with the same prime factors—for 36, they are 2, 2, 3, and 3. The **prime factorization** of 36 is  $2 * 2 * 3 * 3$ .

Make a factor tree for each number. Then write the prime factorization for each number.

24

50

24 = \_\_\_\_\_

50 = \_\_\_\_\_

48

100

48 = \_\_\_\_\_

100 = \_\_\_\_\_