

## The Division Method for Prime Factorization



Use the method below to find the prime factorization of the following numbers.

Example: Find the prime factorization for 732.

Step 1 Divide, using the smallest prime factor of the number as the divisor.

**Step 2** The quotient becomes the dividend. Use the smallest prime factor as the divisor, and continue dividing until the quotient is a prime number.

Divide: 
$$732 \div 2 = 366$$

Divide: 
$$366 \div 2 = 183$$

The next smallest prime factor is 3.

Divide: 
$$183 \div 3 = 61$$

61 61 is a prime number.

The prime factorization of 732 is 2 \* 2 \* 3 \* 61

Step 3 Write the divisors as a multiplication expression.

$$732 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 61$$

This is the prime factorization of 732.

Use the division method to find the prime factorizations. Show your work.



## **Factor Trees and Adding Fractions**



- 1. Make factor trees and write the prime factorization for each number below.
  - a.
- 12
- b.
- 42
- C.
- 32

2. Add the following fractions. Use the factor trees above to help you find the least common multiple of the denominators. Use this least common multiple as a common denominator.

**a.** 
$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$+\frac{7}{32}=\boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$+\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

- **3.** Use factor trees or some other method to find a common denominator for the fraction pairs below. If you do not use factor trees, explain how you found the least common denominators.
  - **a.**  $\frac{5}{14}$  and  $\frac{2}{21}$
  - **b.**  $\frac{7}{18}$  and  $\frac{16}{36}$
  - **c.**  $\frac{9}{24}$  and  $\frac{21}{64}$  \_\_\_\_\_\_